



Inter-Agency Water Management Alignment Project

Town Hall Briefing

Project Purpose

Provide more value to the region
by
forming a "partnership" that improves
joint performance

Agenda

- Opening Comments
- Excerpts from consultant report
- Path Forward Plan
- First Workshop
- Closing Comments

Introduction

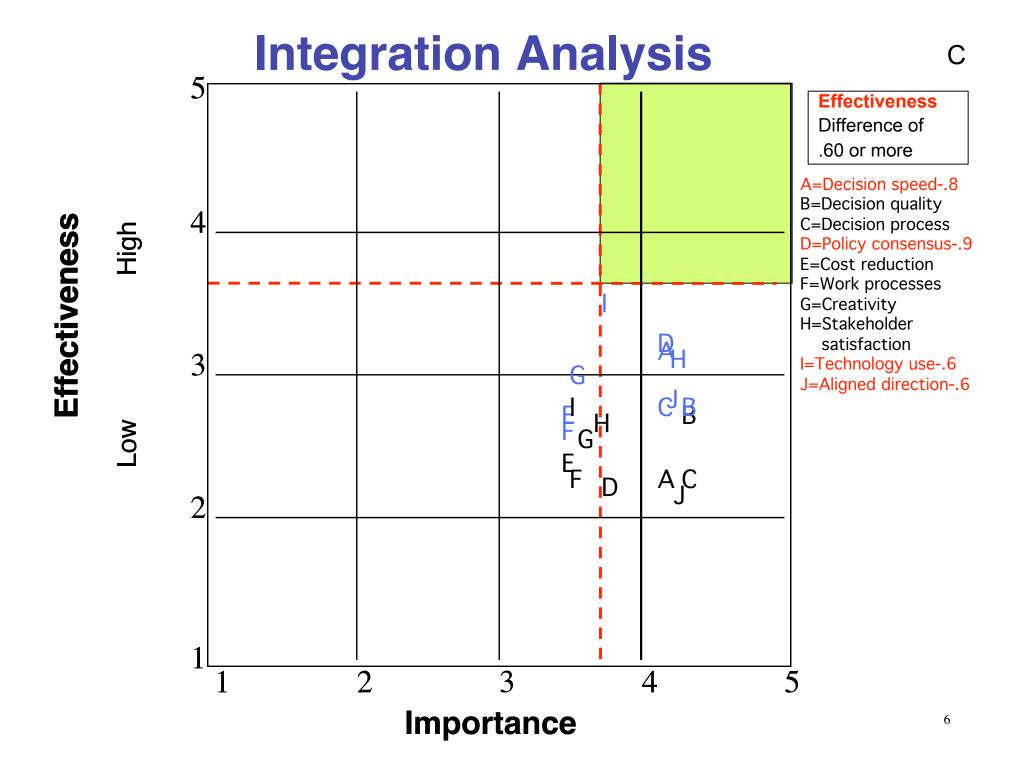
Summary: Present

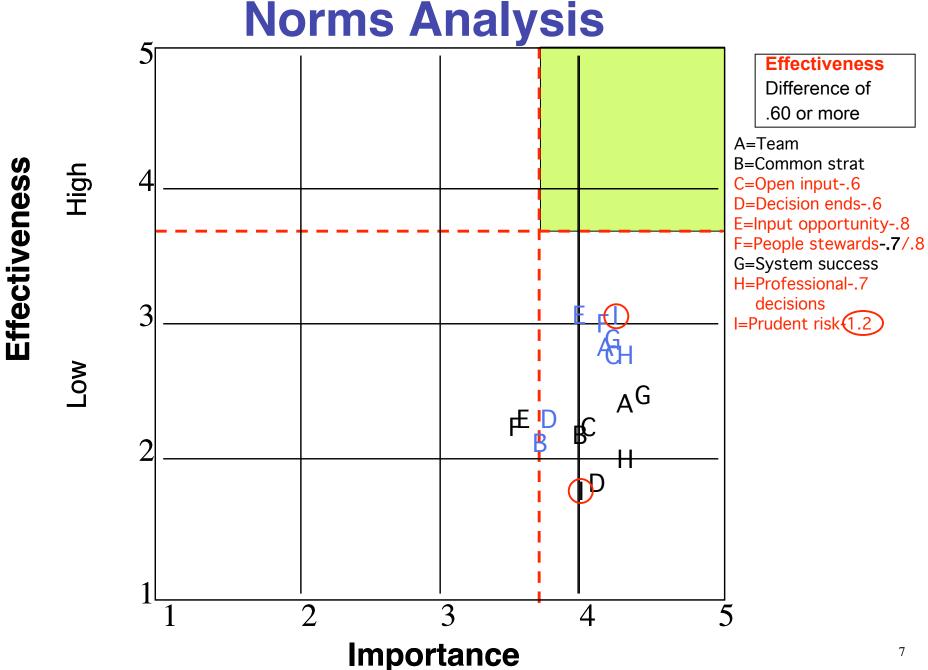
- Un-integrated ops: practically no joint planning & little understanding of each other: values, goals, drivers, management systems, structure
- Senior management: Similar goals & philosophies
- Two very different cultures:
 - COE: noble cause: public service, not \$; assurance of change result
 - BPA: revenue as the means to create public good; goal-oriented; higher tolerance for ambiguity & risk
- Middle management: Distinctly different modes of operating
 - COE: focus on decision control
 - BPA: focus on power revenue
- Goals/Objectives: Both task oriented with no written goals and measures
- Relationship impact: Little appreciation for the personal pain being inflicted, nor the amount of process loss (30% to 50%), nor the potential wasted water resource (\$5 million to \$500 million)
- Improvement opportunity: Solutions clear, but not easy. Many want situation improved; not all willing to change (both sides)

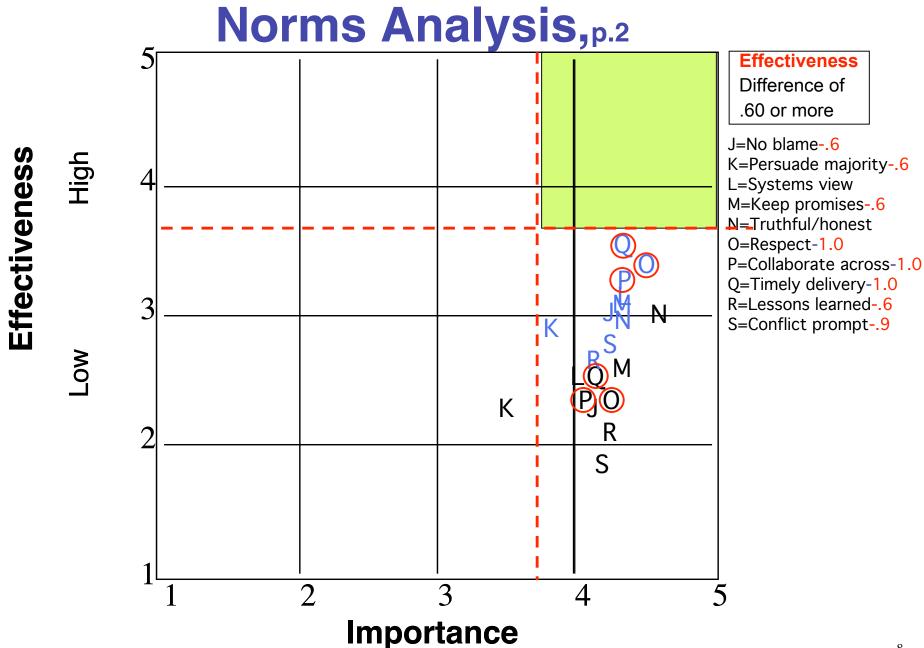
Introduction

Project Assumptions

- Individuals are not to blame for organizational problems
- Underlying powerful forces create systems drivers that cause the difficulties
- They system is very complex so that those involved cannot easily understand the whole picture
- Everyone is working for success, as they define it
- Everyone in the organization must be engaged to create a sustainable solution
- The entire organization is the customer of the project







Outcomes Analysis: Ranking

COE

- 1. Flood
- 2. F&W
- 3. Supply
- 4. Water Quality
- 5. Navigation
- 6. Treaty
- 7. Cost
- 8. Irrigation
- 9. Recreation
- 10. Rates
- 11. Resources

BPA

- 1. Supply
- 2. Flood
- 3. Rates
- 4. Treaty
- 5. Cost
- 6. F&W
- 7. Navigation
- 8. Irrigation
- 9. Water Quality
- 10. Recreation
- 11. Resources

Qualitative Interview Findings

COE Interviews

- Five one-on-one interviews
 - Karen Durham-Aguilera
 - Bill Branch
 - Cindy Henderson
 - Bolyvong Tanovan
 - Peter Brooks
- One focus group

COE Mission: What is your purpose?

- Senior Mgt:
 - Contribute to economy
 - Environmental sustainability
- Management:
 - Public service: response to public/stewards of environment
 - Operate the Columbia River according to International/national regulations to accomplish public good
- Focus Group
 - Balance the needs of the multiple missions

Operating Philosophy

Senior Mgt:

 BPA is a partner; partnership is not about control. It is about achieving joint goals and creating win-win solutions that bring value to the region. The direct funding agreement ... a positive impact on COE.

• Management:

- There is a 40-year relationship that isn't likely to change
- Aside from avoiding brown/blackouts, power comes after other constraints implemented

Focus Group

Revenue is a benefit to BPA

Personal Drivers

Senior Mgt:

 Cost efficiencies/effectiveness so that money is used to best advantage to the public; apply out-ofthe-box creative solutions; implement new ways of doing business

• Management:

 Avoid being back-doored; on time with good guidance; doing good work; defending lawsuits

Relationship Concerns

Senior Mgt:

 Want everyone (COE/BPA) to feel respected and their ideas honored; BPA's TMT representative argumentative

Management:

- BPA ideas are often good, it's the way they go about it (e.g., TMT rep lines up other agencies; not joint action)
- Don't know much about my counterpart's org, about Rick's group, objectives, etc
- There will always be conflict because of different missions -just minimize; true partnership would include joint planning

• Focus Group

 BPA disrespectful in passing around schedule and not sharing, same with data; BPA doesn't acknowledge/support COE's statutory responsibilities

Going Well

- Direct funding agreement
- Weather & stream forecasting
- 97% of relationship
- Treaty matters
- Power planning

Desired Roles & Responsibilities

	COE	BPA	Joint
Senior	Flood control	Power emergencies, power marketing	Hydropower: where to spend O&M/capital money, how to operate short-term taking into consideration TMT/IT
Manager	Flood Control, navigation, recreation, specific dam operations related to Clean Water Act, meeting power generation needs	Marketing power	Make sure generation is available to meet "regional load" (not an understanding of base case)
Manager	Flood control; navigation	Marketing power; transmission	Volume forecasting, meet power load
Focus Group	Flood control; on-site project operations; refill studies;	Marketing energy	Bi-Op, Treaty, Stream- flow forecasting for NW Power Pool; Power system reliability/ meeting load (BPA in lead); Transmission system reliability (BPA lead); COE set river bounds, then BPA operates within

BPA Interview Findings

- Six one-on-one interviews
 - Greg Delwiche
 - Rick Pendergrass
 - Nancy Stephan
 - John Wellschlager
 - Scott Bettin
 - Kieran Connolly
- One focus group

BPA Mission: What is your purpose?

Senior Mgt:

- Provide a competitive advantage for the Pacific Northwest
- Identify the range of future scenarios that BPA should consider in managing the system, and develop an operating plan that is consistent with all the non-power requirements, projecting 18 months of probability for unsold inventory for marketing

• Management:

 Optimize the FCRPS for the benefit of the ratepayer, while meeting non-power obligations; blend L-T & S-T data for desired loads

Focus Group

 Create highest value for Federal System within requirements & be trusted stewards

Operating Philosophy

Senior Mgt:

 The COE & BPA missions are inexorably intertwined; we must help each other achieve our goals. We should each be involved in setting the operating parameters

Management:

 Implied: BPA provide input for COE to set "sideboards," then BPA operate independently

Focus Group

 COE focuses on flood control and simple operations; we have shared missions, but not shared responsibilities

Personal Drivers

- Senior Mgt:
 - Bi-Op & lawsuits; relationships with COE/BOR; studies & results from trading floor
- Management:
 - Pressure for accurate forecasts; use fewer people; flexibility to meet varying market conditions
- Focus Group
 - Avoid working with de facto operations manager

Relationship Concerns

Senior Mgt:

- As a partnership, each must understand the other party's needs and earn their trust
- We have developed a win-lose mentality
- Management [outward & inward perceptions]:
 - One mgr makes all operating decisions & something has set mind against us; don't know how to be effective with person
 - If we work with others and info doesn't get to one mgr, feels blindsided; their staff is not empowered; sharing info used against us, not to help understand, so we hold back
 - We constantly change requests as markets change causing confusion; steal good people; heavy handed during power emergency; overly focused on one mission

Focus Group

• Fear of working w/ one mgr; always tension & feel not trusted

Possible BPA Actions Affecting COE Mgr Behaviors/Reactions

- Secret data; won't share info
- Changed stories
- Different responses to same question from different people in BPA
- Take good people with higher grade structure
- Blind-side in public
- Personal interest (bonus) tied to outcomes
- = hidden agendas, suspect motives
- + Feeling of personal accountability: defend lawsuits, etc
- => Yields, lots of questioning, testing reasonableness

Going Well

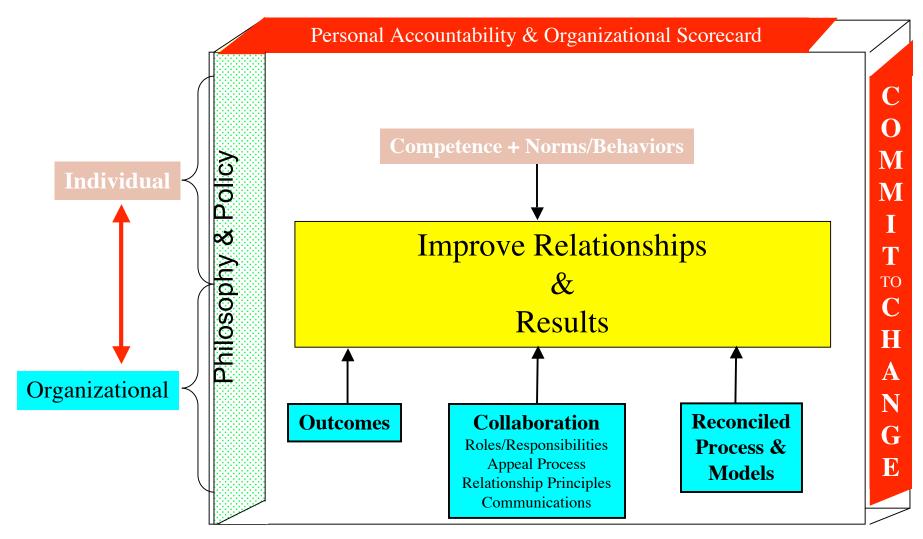
- TMT meetings
- Setting core process objectives for AOP
- Pendergrass and Branch negotiating treaty matters
- Relationships with Canada and Bureau
- Somewhat more efficient use of water
- Excellent flood forecasting

Desired Roles & Responsibilities

	COE	BPA	Joint
Senior	Flood control	Power emergency	Fish, Treaty; tradeoffs negotiated with COE
	Flood control	Power emergency	Fish, Treaty; tradeoffs decided by COE once a set of decision criteria are established
Manager	Fish, recreation, navigation	Maximum value of FCRPS within RCC needs;; operate within their bookends	TMT decides fish issues; treaty
Manager	Flood control (lead); navigation, operate projects	Meeting contractual load obligations, marketing	Treaty, fish, optimizing system for reliability and revenue
Manager	Navigation, recreation	Marketing	All other are joint because COE & BPA are intertwined: treaty, flood control, fish, power with joint measures of success
Focus Group	Flood control, O&M of projects, Implementation as owner-operator	Selling/marketing power; transmission	Environment, recreation, treaty, power optimization (value, risk & timing for revenue)

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Model for Improvement



Recommendations

- Commitment for "heartfelt" improvement
- Agreement on what a partnership looks like:
 - Answers to policy issues governing the relationship
 - Set of relationship principles/norms
 - Clarity on roles and responsibilities
 - A set of decision criteria, and an open appeal process for key issues
 - More regular joint communications and planning
- Consensus & accountability on common long-range objectives & measures (common scorecard)
- Improvement projects and new skills application

COE/BPA Water Management Partnership Development Plan FY04 Overview

Activity	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September
Joint		COE macro	BPA	BPA Opns	COE RCC:	BPA	COE	BPA	COE
Organization		vision,	macro	Planning:	objectives,	Weather &	Power	Regional	Hydro-
Education		reorg. &	vision,	objectives,	processes,	Streamflow	Branch	Coord-	Logic
Program		internal	financial	processes,	BPA	Forcasting		Ination	Engineer-
(~80)		decision	review &	COE	intercon-				Ing Branch
		process &	rate	intercon-	nections,	Same	Same	Same	Same
		Connections	study;	nections,	opportunities,	format	format	format	format
			internal	opportunities,	challenges				
			decision	challenges					
			process						
Monthly	Review	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth	COESixth	Seventh	Eighth
Joint	this plan,	meeting:	meeting:		Regular +				Agenda +
Leadership	discuss	facilitated	facilitated		progress				progress
Strategy &	agenda				assessment;				assessment;
Planning	framework*				adjustments				adjustments
Meetings (9)									
Joint	Executive	Policy &	Policy	Long-Term	Outcomes;	Roles &	Roles &		Buffer or
Leadership	review of	appeal	(Result	Outcomes	Executive	Respons-	Respons-		commun/
Workshops	plan	process	goes to		review of	ibilities	ibilities		norms; Exec
(9)			Execs)		progress				Rev.

February 2 Workshop

"AGREED" UPON NORMS

People:
Operate as a team
Operate from one common strategy & set of values
Team integrity demands diverse open input & constructive confrontation
A decision ends debate; the team demonstrates unity thereafter
Opportunity is provided for my input before major decisions are made or revised
We are all stewards of the people competency/talent bench and facilitate its broadest utilization
The team operates for total water management-system success
The decision-making process is professional (not political), based on data, and guided by what is
necessary to achieve the mission, vision and/or strategy
Team members are encouraged to take prudent risk and are empowered to implement strategy &
policy
Challenges and issues are addressed as process/systems issues, not to find blame or fault
Minority opinion holders have the opportunity to persuade the majority to change positions
Our team leaders take a systems view of the issues
Team members keep promises and commitments
Team members are truthful and honest
Team members treat each other with respect
Team members collaborate across organizational boundaries for joint success
Team members can be counted on to deliver services in a timely manner
Lessons learned are constructively practiced
Unresolved conflict is dealt with promptly and effectively
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Focus is resolving policy

•	challer manag	What federal agency is held accountable when decisions are nged by stakeholders? It appears that at least one COE ger feels personal responsibility for all river decisions COE COE & BPA Il federal agencies involved
•	□ A □ N	What is the meaning of being the "honest broker"? Inbitrator model: listen to all sides and decide? Inbitrator model: list to all sides and attempt to get a seconciliation If same as above, except for imminent flood control where COE decides If same, except the Corps unilaterally sets any flood control parameters
•	S lc	Prior to meetings [TMT, IT, Treaty], can COE & BPA: hare data? lentify concerns; explain positions evelop a common approach/position, pending new data or arguments?